

DMG Blockchain Solutions Inc.

Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the three months ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars, except as otherwise noted)

(Unaudited)

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DMG Blockchain Solutions Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Financial Position
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Notes	As at December 31, 2023 (unaudited) \$	As at September 30, 2023 (audited) \$
ASSETS			
Current			
Cash and cash equivalents		2,202,219	1,789,913
Amounts receivable	6	3,021,455	2,476,679
Digital currency	5	25,465,280	17,142,683
Prepaid expense and other current assets		162,883	193,512
Marketable securities	8	631,735	386,984
Assets held for sale	11	3,738,632	3,451,024
Total current assets		35,222,204	25,440,795
Long-term deposits	9	5,382,519	3,256,324
Property and equipment	12	43,714,797	47,398,585
Long-term investments	13	45,000	45,000
Amount recoverable	7	6,612,032	6,446,251
Total assets		90,976,552	82,586,955
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Current			
Trade and other payables	14	4,881,577	4,178,104
Deferred revenue	19	66,737	64,361
Current portion of lease liability	15	64,754	50,555
Current portion of loans payable	16	1,280,700	1,272,397
Total current liabilities		6,293,768	5,565,417
Long-term lease liability	15	81,606	41,202
Total liabilities		6,375,374	5,606,619
Shareholders' Equity			
Share capital	17(a)	111,381,071	110,820,540
Reserves	17(b)(c)	45,459,049	45,507,272
Obligation to issue shares	17(b)	125,962	-
Accumulated other comprehensive income		159,126	149,044
Accumulated deficit		(72,524,030)	(79,496,520)
Total shareholders' equity		84,601,178	76,980,336
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity		90,976,552	82,586,955
Contingencies	23		
Subsequent events	25		

Approved on Behalf of the Board of Directors on February 21, 2024:

/s/ John D. Abouchar
Director

/s/ Sheldon Bennett
Director

The accompanying notes are integral to these condensed consolidated financial statements

DMG Blockchain Solutions Inc.**Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Income (Loss) and Comprehensive Income (Loss)**

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars, except for number of shares)

(Unaudited)

	Notes	For the three months ended December 31,	
		2023	2022
		\$	\$
Revenue	19	9,690,764	7,174,592
Expenses			
Operating and maintenance costs	20(a)	5,147,651	4,408,792
General and administrative	20(b)	886,061	947,936
Stock-based compensation	17(b)	368,494	515,130
Research	20(c)	438,179	431,939
Bad debt expense (recovery)	6	3,764	63,604
Depreciation	12	4,341,782	6,090,845
Total expenses		11,185,931	12,458,246
Operating loss before other items		(1,495,167)	(5,283,654)
Other income (expense)			
Interest and other income	7	165,781	113,141
Gain on disposition of assets		-	70,429
Foreign exchange loss		(94,585)	(80,976)
Loss on fair value of investments	10	(609,120)	-
Provision of sales tax receivable	6	(253,900)	-
Unrealized revaluation gain (loss) on digital currency	5	8,162,860	(1,415,660)
Realized gain (loss) on sale of digital currency		851,870	(177,162)
Gain (loss) on change in fair value of marketable securities	8	244,751	(229,522)
Net income (loss)		6,972,490	(7,003,404)
Other comprehensive income			
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to income or loss:			
Revaluation loss on digital assets	5	-	(9,644)
Cumulative translation adjustment		10,082	(256)
Net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss)		6,982,572	(7,013,304)
Basic earnings (loss) per share	17(d)	\$0.04	(\$0.04)
Diluted earnings (loss) per share	17(d)	\$0.04	(\$0.04)
Weighted average number of shares outstanding	17(d)		
- basic		168,147,570	167,519,584
- diluted		170,175,939	167,519,584

The accompanying notes are integral to these condensed consolidated interim financial statements

DMG Blockchain Solutions Inc.

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Changes in Equity

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars, except the number of shares)

(Unaudited)

	Number of common shares	Share Capital	Share-based payment reserve	Obligation to issue shares	Accumulated deficit	AOCI	Total
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance, September 30, 2022	167,256,377	110,381,441	43,959,280	-	(63,034,792)	121,623	91,427,552
Share-based compensation expense recognized	-	-	515,130	-	-	-	515,130
Shares issued on exercise of options (Note 17)	425,000	96,826	(33,076)	-	-	-	63,750
Unrealized loss on digital currency revaluation (Note 5)	-	-	-	-	-	(9,644)	(9,644)
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(7,003,404)	(256)	(7,003,660)
Balance, December 31, 2022	167,681,377	110,478,267	44,441,334	-	(70,038,196)	111,723	84,993,128
Balance, September 30, 2023	168,042,815	110,820,540	45,507,272	-	(79,496,520)	149,044	76,980,336
Share-based compensation expense recognized	-	-	368,494	-	-	-	368,494
Shares issued on exercise of options (Note 17)	667,500	560,531	(416,717)	125,962	-	-	269,776
Net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss) for the period	-	-	-	-	6,972,490	10,082	6,982,572
Balance, December 31, 2023	168,710,315	111,381,071	45,459,049	125,962	(72,524,030)	159,126	84,601,178

The accompanying notes are integral to these condensed consolidated interim financial statements

DMG Blockchain Solutions Inc.
Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Cash Flows
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)
(Unaudited)

For the three months ended December 31,	2023	2022
	\$	\$
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income (loss) for the period	6,972,490	(7,003,404)
Non-cash items:		
Accretion	11,460	11,845
Depreciation	4,338,369	6,090,845
Share-based payments	368,494	515,130
Unrealized (gain) loss on revaluation of digital currency	(8,162,861)	1,415,660
Unrealized foreign exchange (gain) loss	(16,272)	10,353
Gain on sale of assets	-	(70,429)
Unrealized (gain) loss on marketable securities	(244,751)	229,522
Impairment of investment	609,120	-
Provision for sales tax receivable	253,900	-
Bad debt expense	3,764	63,604
Digital currency related revenue	(8,744,492)	(6,671,394)
Digital currency sold	9,445,176	4,128,129
Realized (gain) loss on sale of digital currency	(851,870)	177,162
Non-cash interest income	(164,632)	(113,141)
Accrued interest	-	(129)
Changes in non-cash operating working capital:		
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	35,269	(6,848)
Amounts receivable	(781,682)	(748,923)
Deferred revenue	14,302	64,650
Trade and other payables	668,276	636,444
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	3,744,420	(1,270,924)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of property and equipment	(381,773)	(350,486)
Deposits on mining equipment	(2,570,515)	-
Purchase of short-term investment	(609,120)	-
Proceeds on sale of equipment	-	70,429
Proceeds from sublease	-	37,012
Net cash used in investing activities	(3,561,408)	(243,045)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from option exercises	269,776	63,750
Principal lease payments	(40,276)	(64,044)
Proceeds from secure loan	-	950,665
Net cash provided by financing activities	229,500	950,371
Impact of currency translation on cash and cash equivalents	(206)	(144)
Cash and cash equivalents, change	412,306	(563,712)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning	1,789,913	1,247,513
Cash and cash equivalents, end	2,202,219	683,801
Supplemental cash flow information (Note 24)		

The accompanying notes are integral to these condensed consolidated interim financial statements

DMG Blockchain Solutions Inc.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the Three Months Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars, except where indicated) (Unaudited)

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS

DMG Blockchain Solutions Inc. (the “Company”) was incorporated under the provisions of the British Columbia Business Corporations Act on April 18, 2011. The Company’s head office and principal place of business is 4193 104 Street, Delta, B.C. V4K3N3. The Company is a vertically integrated blockchain and crypto-currency company that manages, operates, and develops end-to-end digital solutions to monetize the blockchain ecosystem. The Company has operated its transaction verification services business, commonly known as Bitcoin mining, in Western Canada since October 2016. The Company is also involved in server hosting and other similar service arrangements for the transaction verification services business as well as research and development of solutions related to the transaction verification services business. The Company’s shares are listed on the TSX-V under the symbol DMGI.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

a) *Statement of compliance*

These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting of the International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”) and follow the same accounting policies and methods of application as the Company’s September 30, 2023, consolidated audited annual financial statements. These condensed consolidated interim financial statements do not contain all of the information required for full annual financial statements. Accordingly, they should be read in conjunction with the Company’s most recent annual statements.

These consolidated financial statements were approved for issue by DMG’s board of directors on February 21, 2024.

b) *Basis of consolidation*

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements include the accounts of the Company and subsidiaries. Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Company. The financial transactions of subsidiaries are included in the financial statements from the date control is obtained. Control occurs when the Company is exposed to, or has right to, variable returns from its involvement with an investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Intercompany balances, transactions, income, and expense are eliminated and gains or losses on intercompany transactions are eliminated. The accounting policies of subsidiaries are the same as those of the Company.

Principal subsidiaries	Percentage ownership		Country of incorporation
	December 31, 2023	September 30, 2023	
DMG-US, Inc. (“DMG-US”)	100%	100%	United States
Datient, Inc.	100% indirect through DMG-US	100% indirect through DMG-US	United States
DMG Blockchain Services Inc.	100%	100%	United States
1141559 BC Ltd.	100%	100%	Canada
1132517 BC Ltd.	100%	100%	Canada
1300036 BC Ltd.	100%	100%	Canada

DMG Blockchain Solutions Inc.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the Three Months Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars, except where indicated) (Unaudited)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (continued)

c) *Basis of measurement*

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for certain financial assets and liabilities, and digital currencies measured at fair value. In addition, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting except for cash flow information.

The functional currency of the Company, 1141559 BC Ltd, 1132517 BC Ltd, and 1300036 BC Ltd, is the Canadian dollar. The functional currency of DMG-US, Datient Inc., and DMG Blockchain Services Inc. is the US dollar, which is determined to be the currency of the primary economic environment in which the subsidiary operates. The presentation currency used in preparation of these consolidated financial statements is the Canadian dollar.

Transactions in currencies other than the functional currency are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At each financial position reporting date, monetary assets and liabilities and non-monetary assets and liabilities carried at fair value, that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing at the date of the statement of financial position. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not re-translated.

Subsidiaries that have functional currencies other than the Canadian dollar translate their statement of operations items at the average rate during the year. Assets and liabilities are translated at exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Exchange rate variations resulting from the retranslation at the closing rate of the net investment in these subsidiaries, together with differences between their statement of operations items translated at actual and average rates, are recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). On disposition or partial disposition of a foreign operation, the cumulative amount of related exchange difference is recognized in the statement of operations.

d) *New IFRS pronouncements*

New IFRS pronouncements that have been issued but are not yet effective at the date of these financial statements are listed below. These amendments will be applied in the annual period for which they are first required.

Amendments to IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements and IFRS Practice Statement 2

In January 2020, the IASB issued an amendment to IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements (IAS 1). The amendment applies to annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023. The amendment clarifies the criteria for classifying a liability as non-current if there is the right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. This amendment is not expected to have a significant impact on the preparation of financial statements.

In February 2021, the IASB issued an amendment to IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements (IAS 1) and IFRS Practice Statement 2. The amendment applies to annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023. The amendment requires that an entity discloses its material accounting policies, instead of its significant accounting policies. The amendment also clarifies that accounting policy information is expected to be material if, without it, the users of the financial statements would be unable to understand other material information in the financial statements. Further, the amendment to IAS 1 clarifies that immaterial accounting policy information need not be disclosed. However, if it is disclosed, it should not obscure material accounting policy information. To support this amendment, the Board also amended IFRS Practice Statement 2, 'Making Materiality Judgements,' to provide guidance on how to apply the concept of materiality to accounting policy disclosures. This amendment is not expected to have a significant impact on the preparation of the financial statements.

DMG Blockchain Solutions Inc.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the Three Months Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars, except where indicated) (Unaudited)

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (continued)

Amendment to IAS 12 Deferred Tax Related to Assets and Liabilities Arising from a Single Transaction

In May 2021, the IASB issued targeted amendments to IAS 12 – Income Taxes to specify how companies should account for deferred tax on transactions such as leases and decommissioning obligations. In specified circumstances, companies are exempt from recognizing deferred tax when they recognize assets or liabilities for the first time. Previously, there had been some uncertainty about whether the exemption applied to transactions such as leases and decommissioning obligations transactions for which companies recognize both an asset and a liability. The amendments clarify that the exemption does not apply and that companies are required to recognize deferred tax on such transactions. The aim of the amendments is to reduce diversity in the reporting of deferred tax on leases and decommissioning obligations. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023, with early application permitted. The Company is assessing the potential impact of the amendment.

Amendments to IAS 8 Definition of Accounting Estimates

The amendments replace the definition of a change in accounting estimates with a definition of accounting estimates. Under the new definition, accounting estimates are “monetary amounts in financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty”. Entities develop accounting estimates if accounting policies require items in financial statements to be measured in a way that involves measurement uncertainty. The amendments clarify that a change in accounting estimate that results from new information or new developments is not the correction of an error. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 and changes in accounting policies and changes in accounting estimates that occur on or after the start of that period. Management will assess the impact of these amendments.

IFRS Sustainability Disclosure Standards

The International Sustainability Standards Board (ISSB) of the IFRS Foundation has published IFRS S1 ‘General Requirements for Disclosure of Sustainability-related Financial Information’ and IFRS S2 ‘Climate-related Disclosures’. The objective of IFRS S1 and S2 is to require an entity to disclose information about its sustainability and climate related risks and opportunities that is useful to primary users of general purpose financial reports in making decisions relating to providing resources to the entity.

Both Standards are effective for fiscal years beginning January 1, 2024, but certain transitional reliefs are available. The ISSB has confirmed that industry-specific disclosures are required and, in the absence of specific IFRS Sustainability Disclosure Standards, companies must consider the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (‘SASB’) Standards to identify sustainability-related risks, opportunities and appropriate metrics. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of these reporting requirements.

There are no other IFRS or International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee interpretations that are not yet effective or early adopted that are expected to have a material impact on the Company.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies followed by the Company are set out in Note 3 to the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2023 and have been consistently followed in the preparation of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

DMG Blockchain Solutions Inc.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the Three Months Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars, except where indicated) (Unaudited)

4. USE OF JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

In preparing these condensed consolidated interim financial statements, management has made judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the applicability of the Company's accounting policies and the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Management reviews these estimates and underlying assumptions on an ongoing basis, based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Revisions to estimates are adjusted prospectively in the period in which the estimates are revised. In preparing these condensed consolidated interim financial statements, the significant estimates and critical judgments were the same as those applied to the annual consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended September 30, 2023.

5. DIGITAL CURRENCIES

At December 31, 2023 and September 30, 2023, the Company held bitcoin and ether as its digital currency. Bitcoin and ether are recorded at their fair value on the date they are received and are revalued at their current market value at each reporting date. Fair value is determined by taking the closing price listed on "Yahoo.com" or "xe.com" at the relevant dates.

The continuity of digital currencies is as follows:

	BTC		ETH		TOTAL	
	Units	\$	Units	\$		\$
Balance, September 30, 2022	343.24	9,236,520	45.34	83,270	9,319,790	
Digital currency received from mining	878.21	27,397,627	-	-	27,397,627	
Mining pool fees	2.66	93,861	-	-	93,861	
Net pool revenue	(26.83)	(1,031,795)	-	-	(1,031,795)	
Digital currency sold	(728.84)	(22,912,786)	-	-	(22,912,786)	
Digital currency impairment	-	-	(45.34)	(102,735)	(102,735)	
Digital currency revaluation	-	4,350,308	-	19,465	4,369,773	
Exchange differences	-	8,958	-	-	8,958	
Balance, September 30, 2023	468.44	17,142,683	-	-	17,142,683	
Digital currency received from mining	198.32	9,776,353	-	-	9,776,353	
Mining pool fees	(0.02)	(1,149)	-	-	(1,149)	
Net pool revenue	(21.12)	(1,031,862)	-	-	(1,031,862)	
Digital currency sold	(190.63)	(8,593,306)	-	-	(8,593,306)	
Digital currency revaluation	-	8,162,860	-	-	8,162,860	
Exchange differences	-	9,701	-	-	9,701	
Balance, December 31, 2023	454.99	25,465,280	-	-	25,465,280	

During the year ended September 30, 2023, the Company's custodian Prime Trust was placed into receivership by the state of Nevada, which ordered the custodian to cease all activities. As at December 31, 2023, the Company held 45.34 ETH and 49.01 BTC held in digital currencies with Prime Trust valued at \$102,735 and \$1,739,534 respectively. At the time of the order, the Company had also placed trades for 8.2378 BTC valued at \$335,089 that were not complete due to the ceasing of activities; these amounts have been included in other receivables (Note 6).

DMG Blockchain Solutions Inc.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the Three Months Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars, except where indicated) (Unaudited)

5. DIGITAL CURRENCIES (continued)

Management assessed the recoverability of these amounts based on current available information. Due to the nature of the assets, BTC is expected to be returned in full as depositor property. As at September 30, 2023, due to the uncertainty around ETH and non-depositor property, the balance of ETH of \$102,735 has been impaired to \$Nil and an allowance of \$335,089 was recorded to bad debt expense that related to the placed trades that did not complete. As at December 31, 2023, the balance of ETH remained at \$Nil as management's assessment of uncertainty around ETH has remained unchanged.

6. AMOUNTS RECEIVABLE

The Company's amounts receivable is as follows:

	December 31, 2023		September 30, 2023	
Trade receivables	\$	1,117,427	\$	577,608
Sales taxes recoverable		1,918,939		1,918,939
Other receivables		35,000		35,000
Provision for doubtful accounts		(49,911)		(54,868)
	\$	3,021,455	\$	2,476,679

The following is the continuity of the Company's expected credit loss movement:

	December 31, 2023		September 30, 2023	
Opening balance	\$	54,868	\$	8,618
Bad debt expense (recovery) related to AR		(4,956)		381,339
Write-offs		-		(335,089)
	\$	49,911	\$	54,868

During the three months ended December 31, 2023, the Company recorded a net recovery of provision for doubtful accounts of \$(4,956) for expected credit losses (September 30, 2023: \$46,250). The Company directly wrote off \$8,720 (2023: \$Nil) in accounts receivable. Included in bad debt expense for the year ended September 30, 2023 is \$335,089 related to failed BTC trades (Note 5).

In addition, based on management's analysis of the sales taxes recoverable, it was determined that a further provision of \$253,900 (December 31, 2022: \$Nil) was required to be expensed, to result in a net sales taxes recoverable of \$1,918,939.

7. AMOUNT RECOVERABLE

	December 31, 2023		September 30, 2023	
Amortized Cost				
Opening balance	\$	7,823,307	\$	7,823,307
Ending balance		7,823,307		7,823,307
Expected Credit Losses				
Opening balance	\$	1,377,056	\$	1,190,806
Interest income		(165,781)		(506,610)
Loss on modification		-		692,860
Ending balance	\$	1,211,275	\$	1,377,056
Net Amount Recoverable	\$	6,612,032	\$	6,446,251

DMG Blockchain Solutions Inc.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the Three Months Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars, except where indicated) (Unaudited)

8. MARKETABLE SECURITIES

Marketable securities are recorded at their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The fair values of the common shares of publicly traded companies have been directly referenced to published price quotations in an active market. A continuity of the Company's marketable securities is as follows:

	December 31, 2023	September 30, 2023
Fair value, opening	\$ 386,984	\$ 401,542
Gain (loss) on fair value change of marketable securities	244,751	(14,558)
	\$ 631,735	\$ 386,984

As at December 31, 2023, the Company holds 800,000 (September 30, 2023: 800,000) shares of INX Ltd. and 12,094 (September 30, 2023: 12,094) common shares of Marathon Digital Holdings, Inc. ("Marathon").

9. LONG-TERM DEPOSITS

	December 31, 2023	September 30, 2023
Security deposits	\$ 1,652,582	\$ 1,659,135
Deposits on mining equipment	3,729,937	1,597,189
	\$ 5,382,520	\$ 3,256,324

The Company has currently outstanding \$3,729,937 (USD \$2,820,155) (September 30, 2023 - \$1,597,189 (USD \$1,181,353)) relating to the purchase of miners. On December 18, 2018, the Company entered into an agreement under which \$2,202,605 was paid as a security deposit for the provision of utilities, interest bearing at approximately 3%. As at December 31, 2023, \$1,649,399 (September 30, 2023 - \$1,649,399) of these funds still remain and are included in security deposits and will be repaid when the Company ceases the use of the services. The remaining security deposits are for various lease agreements and will be repaid at the end of each lease agreement. The remaining deposits are non-interest-bearing. No expected credit losses have been recorded against the deposits, management believes that the deposits are held by large reputable companies and that there will be no issues recovering deposits when they become due.

10. CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURE

On July 2, 2021, the Company purchased a convertible debenture of BOSONIC Inc. ("Bosonic") for USD \$2,000,000. The convertible debenture is interest bearing at 5% per annum and matured on July 2, 2023. In the event that Bosonic raises at least USD \$15,000,000 in new capital, the debenture will automatically convert into common shares of BOSONIC Inc. at a conversion price equal to:

- a. The product of 0.75 and the lowest price per share paid in the financing; or
- b. The price per share obtained by dividing USD \$200,000,000 by the total number of common shares of Bosonic outstanding on a diluted basis.

As at September 30, 2022, management reviewed financial statements, internally generated forecasts of the company, and its business plan and concluded the likelihood of repayment of the note at maturity date was remote. As such, a decline in fair value of \$2,782,825 was recorded in the Company's profit and loss. As at December 31, 2023, the fair value of the Bosonic note was \$Nil (September 30, 2023: \$Nil).

As at September 30, 2023, the Company advanced an additional \$202,725 (USD \$150,000) to Bosonic as the Company's management believes the intellectual property of Bosonic has important strategic value. However, due to the uncertain nature of its financial situation, the additional amount was written off to decline in fair value of investment, in the statement of loss. During the three months ended December 31, 2023, the Company advanced a further \$609,120 (USD \$450,000). The advance is non-interest bearing, and due on March 1, 2024.

DMG Blockchain Solutions Inc.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the Three Months Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars, except where indicated) (Unaudited)

10. CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURE (continued)

The following table shows the valuation techniques used in measuring Level 3 fair values for financial instruments in the statements of financial position, as well as the significant unobservable inputs used:

Type	Valuation Technique	Significant Unobservable Inputs	Inter-relationship Between Significant Unobservable Inputs and Fair Value Measurement
Bosonic Convertible Debenture	Market Approach (Level 3)	Internal forecasts, business plan, likelihood of repayment	The fair value is highly sensitive to the company's performance and likelihood of repayment, leading to a fair value of \$Nil.

The Company's investments in Bosonic are valued using the market approach, which falls under Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. This approach involves using significant unobservable inputs including internally generated forecasts and business plans, as well as assessments of market conditions and likelihood of repayment. These inputs have a direct correlation with the fair value measurement, as they significantly influence the determination of fair value, especially in scenarios where the market presence is limited or non-existent. As of the reporting date, the fair value of both investments is assessed to be \$Nil due to the adverse conditions impacting the likelihood of recovery and market conditions.

11. ASSETS HELD FOR SALE

During the three months ended December 31, 2023, the Company purchased \$287,608 in Bitcoin mining hardware and related equipment with the intention of installing the miners at the Company's Christina Lake facility, the Company had total assets held for sale of \$3,738,632 as at December 31, 2023 (2022: 3,451,024). Due to the delay in expansion of the Christina Lake facility, installation of the miners would be delayed. The decision to classify these assets as held for sale is based on our strategic plan to optimize operations and reallocate resources. The sale is expected to be completed within the next financial year, and the proceeds will be reinvested in the business to enhance operational efficiency and be used for other corporate purposes.

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12. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

COST	Land	Construction in Progress (CIP)	Power Substation	Data Centre	Computer and mining equipment	Furniture and other equipment	Motor Vehicle	Right of use Assets	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
As at September 30, 2022	2,341,569	410,928	3,627,008	12,107,826	63,593,397	231,592	12,747	514,980	82,840,047
Additions	-	1,556,181	-	238,667	10,097,815	42,821	-	(2,386)	12,037,645
Disposals	-	(4,829)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,829)
Reclassification from CIP	-	(476,781)	232,391	187,555	-	63,585	-	(6,750)	-
Reclassification to Assets held for sale	-	-	-	-	(710,835)	-	-	-	(710,835)
Other adjustments	-	-	-	-	(37,469)	-	-	(226,165)	(263,634)
As at September 30, 2023	2,341,569	1,485,499	3,859,399	12,534,048	72,942,908	337,998	12,747	279,679	93,793,847
Additions	-	425,637	-	123,133	9,090	-	-	96,721	654,581
Reclassification from CIP	-	(152,649)	-	175,309	-	1,198	-	(23,858)	-
As at December 31, 2023	2,341,569	1,758,487	3,859,399	12,832,490	72,951,998	339,196	12,747	352,542	94,448,428
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION									
As at September 30, 2022	-	-	548,044	3,101,744	20,741,569	47,461	5,066	312,734	24,756,618
Depreciation	-	-	127,795	703,996	20,971,314	43,897	2,012	53,268	21,902,282
Reclassification	-	-	57,495	(57,495)	-	-	-	-	-
Other adjustments	-	-	-	-	(37,469)	-	-	(226,169)	(263,639)
As at September 30, 2023	-	-	733,334	3,748,245	41,675,414	91,358	7,078	139,833	46,395,262
Depreciation	-	-	31,157	182,041	4,103,254	12,128	415	9,374	4,338,369
As at December 31, 2023	-	-	764,491	3,930,286	45,778,668	103,486	7,493	149,207	50,733,631
NET BOOK VALUE									
As at September 30, 2023	2,341,569	1,485,499	3,126,065	8,785,803	31,267,494	246,640	5,669	139,846	47,398,585
As at December 31, 2023	2,341,569	1,758,487	3,094,908	8,902,204	27,173,330	235,710	5,254	203,335	43,714,797

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13. LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS

	December 31, 2023	September 30, 2023
	\$	\$
Other	45,000	45,000
	\$ 45,000	\$ 45,000

On June 2, 2021, the Company purchased 8,000,000 units of Brane Inc. for \$3,000,000, representing a non-controlling interest in Brane Inc. Each unit consists of one common share and one warrant. Management has reviewed financial statements, internally generated forecasts of the company, and its business plan and concluded on September 30, 2022 that the value of the investment was \$Nil. As such, a decline in the fair value of \$3,000,000 in the Company's consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss during the year ended September 30, 2022.

During the three months ended December 31, 2023, management assessed based on available information that there was no change to the value of the Brane Inc. investment of \$Nil (September 30, 2023: \$Nil).

The following table shows the valuation techniques used in measuring Level 3 fair values for financial instruments in the statements of financial position, as well as the significant unobservable inputs used:

Type	Valuation Technique	Significant Unobservable Inputs	Inter-relationship Between Significant Unobservable Inputs and Fair Value Measurement
Brane Inc (Equity Investment - Common Share and Warrant)	Market Approach (Level 3)	Internal forecasts, business plan, market conditions	The fair value is influenced by internal and market assessments, resulting in a fair value of \$Nil.

The Company's investments in Brane are valued using the market approach, which falls under Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. This approach involves using significant unobservable inputs including internally generated forecasts and business plans, as well as assessments of market conditions and likelihood of repayment. These inputs have a direct correlation with the fair value measurement, as they significantly influence the determination of fair value, especially in scenarios where the market presence is limited or non-existent. As at the reporting date, the fair value of both investments is assessed to be \$Nil due to the adverse conditions impacting the likelihood of recovery and market conditions.

14. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Trade and other payables are comprised of the following:

	December 31, 2023	September 30, 2023
Trade payables and accrued liabilities	\$ 4,556,703	\$ 3,287,422
Trade payables and accrued liabilities - related parties (Note 18)	296,246	573,402
Provincial sales taxes payable	-	194,291
Refundable customer deposits on contracts	18,649	113,331
Interest payable (Note 16)	9,979	9,658
	\$ 4,881,577	\$ 4,178,104

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14. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (continued)

Included in trade and other payables is a legal expense accrual of \$136,374 (September 30, 2023: \$136,374) that relates to a provision for a legal claim from a former customer. The legal expense accrual represents the maximum amount the Company expects to pay if it is found liable in the claim.

15. LEASES

The Company leases certain assets under lease agreements. The lease liability consists of leases for office space, vehicles and equipment. The leases bear interest ranging from 5.09% to 28.28% per annum and expiry dates for these leases range from January 2024 to November 2026. The related lease liability was measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments discounted using an incremental borrowing rate of that date.

At December 31, 2023 and September 30, 2023, the Company's lease liability related to office leases is as follows:

Lease liability	December 31, 2023		September 30, 2023	
Current portion	\$	64,754	\$	50,555
Long-term portion		81,606		41,202
	\$	146,359	\$	91,758

At December 31, 2023 and September 30, 2023, the Company is committed to minimum undiscounted lease payments as follows:

Maturity analysis	December 31, 2023		September 30, 2023	
Less than one year	\$	74,751	\$	59,636
One to five years		88,241		46,320
More than five years		-		-
Total undiscounted lease liabilities	\$	162,992	\$	105,956

Recognized in the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss	December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022	
Interest on lease liabilities (included in general and administrative expenses)	\$	3,157	\$	6,485

Recognized in the statement of cash flows	December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022	
Principal payments on lease liabilities	\$	40,276	\$	64,044
Total cash outflows for leases	\$	40,276	\$	64,044

16. LOANS PAYABLE

	Face value		Carrying value	
Balance, September 30, 2022	\$	291,881	\$	291,881
Loan proceeds		1,000,000		1,000,000
Transaction costs		-		(49,335)
Accretion		-		29,851
As at September 30, 2023	\$	1,291,881	\$	1,272,397
Accretion		-		8,303
As at December 31, 2023	\$	1,291,881	\$	1,280,700
Current portion		1,291,881		1,280,700
Long-term portion		-		-

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16. LOANS PAYABLE (continued)

On February 13, 2019, the Company issued a promissory note in the amount of \$291,881 to Polyphase Capital LLC. The promissory note bears no interest and is unsecured. The repayment of the note is dependent on the receipt of a Goods and Services Tax (GST) refund of the same amount by the Company on behalf of Polyphase Capital LLC from the Canada Revenue Agency.

As at December 31, 2023, the Company had a loan of \$1,000,000 (2023: \$1,000,000) outstanding. The loan is interest bearing, determined as the greater of 7.00% per annum or at a variable rate of prime plus 4.55% per annum, for a term of 18 months. Interest is payable monthly, and the principal balance is due on the maturity date. The loan is secured against the Company's office located in Delta, BC.

During the three months ended December 31, 2023, the Company incurred interest expense of \$29,616 (2022: \$17,301) which is recorded as finance costs under general and administrative expenses. Of this amount, \$9,979 was still owing as at December 31, 2023 (September 30, 2023 - \$92,952).

The current portion of the carrying amount represents the total deferred transaction costs that will be accreted over the following 12 months.

17. SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES

a) Share capital

Authorized: unlimited Class A common shares without par value, and unlimited Class B preferred shares without par value.

Share capital activity for the three months ended December 31, 2023

During the three months ended December 31, 2023, the Company issued 667,500 common shares in connection with the exercise of stock options for proceeds of \$220,275. As a result, \$340,255 has been reclassified from share-based payment reserve to share capital. The Company also received proceeds of \$49,500 for the exercise of options for which shares have not yet been issued, and as a result \$76,462 has been reclassified from share-based payment reserve to obligation to issue shares.

Share capital activity for the three months ended December 31, 2022

During the three months ended December 31, 2022, the Company issued 425,000 common shares in connection with the exercise of stock options for proceeds of \$63,750. As a result, \$33,076 has been reclassified from share-based payment reserve to share capital.

b) Stock options

Stock option activity for the three months ended December 31, 2023

On December 20, 2023, the Company granted 1,167,770 stock options to employees, directors, and officers of the Company. The options are exercisable at \$0.53 per option expiring on December 20, 2028. These options had a fair value of \$0.45 per option using the Black Scholes model with the following inputs: i) exercise price: \$0.53; ii) share price: \$0.51; iii) term: 5.00 years; iv) volatility: 135%; v) risk free rate: 3.28%. The options vest 25% on each of the following: June 20, 2024, December 20, 2024, June 20, 2025, and December 20, 2025. A portion of the vested value of these options was included in stock-based compensation and reserves for the three months ended December 31, 2023.

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17. SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES (continued)*Stock option activity for the three months ended December 31, 2022*

On December 22, 2022, the Company granted 914,800 stock options to employees, directors, and officers of the Company. The options are exercisable at \$0.18 per option expiring on December 22, 2027. These options had a fair value of \$0.15 per option using the Black Scholes model with the following inputs: i) exercise price: \$0.18; ii) share price: \$0.17; iii) term: 5.00 years; iv) volatility: 135%; v) risk free rate: 3.28%. The options vest 25% on each of the following: June 22, 2023, December 22, 2023, June 22, 2024, and December 22, 2024. A portion of the vested value of these options was included in stock-based compensation and reserves for the three months ended December 31, 2022.

The following table summarizes the share-based compensation in the period:

Grant date	Share-based compensation recognized	
	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
	\$	\$
November 30, 2021	35,031	246,727
May 9, 2022	21,220	141,426
August 22, 2022	8,271	29,470
September 30, 2022	24,235	94,003
December 22, 2022	16,649	3,504
January 5, 2023	3,836	-
March 31, 2023	38,135	-
April 26, 2023	9,704	-
June 30, 2023	115,406	-
September 20, 2023	79,598	-
December 20, 2023	16,409	-
Total	368,494	515,130

The Black-Scholes model utilized the following inputs to value the options granted:

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Risk free interest rate	3.26%	3.28%
Expected term (years)	5	5
Expected volatility	136%	13%
Expected dividends	0%	0%

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17. SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES (continued)

The following table discloses the weighted average exercise price and life remaining:

	Options outstanding and exercisable	Weighted average exercise price	Weighted average life remaining
		\$	
Balance, September 30, 2022	13,050,845	0.77	2.71
Issued	5,305,486	0.29	
Expired	(457,691)	1.51	
Exercised	(786,438)	0.23	
Cancelled / Forfeited	(1,325,463)	0.43	
Balance, September 30, 2023	15,786,740	0.53	2.83
Issued	1,167,770	0.53	
Expired	(700,000)	0.65	
Exercised	(817,500)	0.33	
Cancelled / Forfeited	(609,198)	0.33	
Balance, December 31, 2023	14,827,812	0.55	3.07

The following table discloses the number of options outstanding as at December 31, 2023:

Number of options	Price per share	Expiry Date	Number of options vested
200,000	\$2.49	March 31, 2024	200,000
962,000	\$1.41	April 26, 2024	962,000
333,946	\$0.33	April 26, 2024	333,946
790,000	\$0.84	July 28, 2024	790,000
435,000	\$0.33	July 28, 2024	435,000
1,515,855	\$1.20	November 30, 2024	1,515,855
215,855	\$0.33	November 30, 2024	215,855
2,025,000	\$0.39	May 9, 2027	1,518,750
400,000	\$0.33	August 22, 2027	200,000
1,622,500	\$0.25	September 30, 2027	811,250
885,800	\$0.18	December 22, 2027	442,900
200,000	\$0.17	January 5, 2028	50,000
1,040,800	\$0.32	March 31, 2028	260,200
213,736	\$0.31	April 26, 2028	53,434
1,613,110	\$0.33	June 30, 2028	403,278
1,206,440	\$0.29	September 20, 2028	-
1,167,770	\$0.53	December 20, 2028	-
14,827,812			8,192,468

c) Warrants*Warrant activity for the three months ended December 31, 2023*

There was no warrant activity during the three months ended December 31, 2023.

Warrant activity for the three months ended December 31, 2022

During the year ended September 30, 2022, the Company issued 259,375 common shares in connection with the exercise of warrants.

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17. SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES (continued)

	Warrants outstanding and exercisable	Weighted average exercise price	Weighted average life remaining
		\$	
Balance, September 30, 2022	37,407,443	2.18	1.50
Expired	(933,429)	0.22	
Balance, September 30, 2023	36,474,014	2.24	0.53
Balance, December 31, 2023	36,474,014	2.24	0.28

The following table discloses the number of warrants outstanding as at December 31, 2023:

Number of warrants	Exercise price per share	Expiry Date
	\$	
11,666,667	3.55	March 5, 2024
1,283,333	3.75	March 5, 2024
22,297,644	1.50	May 3, 2024
1,226,370	1.58	May 3, 2024
36,474,014		

d) Earnings (loss) per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the income attributable to equity owners of the Company by the weighted average number of shares in issue during the period.

Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the net income applicable to common shares by the sum of the weighted average number of common shares issued and outstanding and all additional common shares that would have been outstanding, if potentially dilutive instruments were converted. There was no effect of dilutive instruments in the years ended September 30, 2023 and 2022.

	For the three months ended December 31,	
	2023	2022
Net income (loss) for the period	\$6,972,490	(\$7,003,404)
Weighted average number of shares	168,147,570	167,519,584
Basic and diluted loss per share	\$0.04	(\$0.04)

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of shares outstanding to assume conversion of all potentially dilutive shares. Potentially dilutive shares relate to the exercise of outstanding stock options and warrants. There was no effect of dilutive instruments in the three months ended December 31, 2022

	For the three months ended	
	December 31, 2023	December 30, 2022
	\$	\$
Net income (loss) for the period	6,972,490	(7,003,404)
Weighted average number of shares	168,147,570	167,519,584
Effect of dilutive securities:		
Stock options	2,028,369	-
Warrants	-	-
Weighted average diluted shares outstanding	170,175,939	167,519,584
Diluted earnings per share	0.04	(0.04)

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18. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

(a) Key management compensation and other related party transactions

Key management includes personnel having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing, and controlling the Company and includes the directors and current executive officers. The value of transactions and outstanding balances relating to key management and entities over which key management has control or significant influence were as follows:

		For the three months ended December 31,	
		2023	2022
Salaries, wages, and benefits	\$	264,456	\$ 414,661
Consulting services		104,142	-
Share-based compensation		324,931	435,339
Total	\$	716,529	\$ 850,000

(b) Related party balances

As at December 31, 2023, \$296,246 (September 30, 2023 – \$573,402) was owed to key management for outstanding salaries, wages and benefits, and consulting services and included in trade and other payables.

19. REVENUE

The Company's revenue is comprised of the following:

	For the three months ended December 31,	
	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Digital currency mining	9,776,354	6,671,394
Mining equipment hosting and set up service	372,092	464,319
Net pool revenue	(1,031,861)	-
Software license income	562,253	34,270
Other	11,926	4,609
	9,690,764	7,174,592

Net Pool Revenue is earned from the operation of crypto-currency mining pools and shows the net pool revenue less the pool payouts. During the three months ended December 31, 2023, this resulted in a net loss of \$1,031,861 as the pool payouts exceeded the revenue.

During the three months ended December 31, 2023, the Company earned \$562,253 as software license income related to the termination of a software license agreement with Marathon. The Company had \$396,780 (USD \$300,000) in outstanding accounts receivable from Marathon related to the agreement. Marathon agreed to pay USD \$450,000 and USD \$150,000 in Marathon's common stock to settle the outstanding accounts receivable and as compensation for early termination of the agreement. Subsequent to the end of the period the Company received USD \$715,934 in cash as the full settlement. As such, \$562,253 has been recorded as income and was received by the Company subsequent to the end of the period.

The Company's deferred revenue consists of the following:

		As at		As at
		December 31, 2023		September 30, 2023
Unearned revenue on hosting agreements	\$	66,737	\$	64,361
	\$	66,737	\$	64,361

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20. EXPENSES

a) Operating and Maintenance Costs

The Company's operating and maintenance costs are comprised of the following:

	For the three months ended December 31,	
	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Utilities	4,608,422	4,152,506
Wages, contractors and other	539,229	256,286
	5,147,651	4,408,792

b) General and Administrative

The Company's general and administrative costs are comprised of the following:

	For the three months ended December 31,	
	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Consulting	133,726	-
Finance costs	41,076	30,591
General and administrative office expenses	24,682	147,282
Insurance	27,475	-
Interest and bank charges	2,067	-
Marketing, investor, and public relations	20,777	-
Professional fees	230,232	212,432
Regulatory and filing	43,141	-
Travel and entertainment	25,224	-
Wages	337,661	557,631
	886,061	947,936

c) Research

Research costs incurred comprised of salaries of software developers involved in the research of existing and new crypto currency related tools and services.

21. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard its ability to continue operating as a going concern, so that it can provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders. The Company considers the items included in equity as capital. The Company manages the capital structure and adjusts it in response to changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. The Company's primary objective with respect to its capital management is to ensure that it has sufficient cash resources to identify and evaluate potential acquisitions and business opportunities for the Company. To secure the additional capital necessary to pursue these plans, the Company may raise additional funds through equity or debt financing. The Company is not subject to any capital requirements imposed by a regulator.

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22. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND DIGITAL CURRENCIES

(a) Fair values of financial instruments and digital currencies measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

	Quoted prices in active markets for identical instruments Level 1	Significant other observable inputs Level 2	Significant unobserva ble inputs Level 3	Total
December 31, 2023				
Marketable securities	\$ 631,735	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 631,735
Digital currencies	\$ -	\$ 25,465,280	\$ -	\$ 25,465,280
Long-term investments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 45,000	\$ 45,000
September 30, 2023				
Marketable securities	\$ 386,984	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 386,984
Digital currencies	\$ -	\$ 17,142,683	\$ -	\$ 17,142,683
Long-term investments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 45,000	\$ 45,000

The Company has determined the estimated fair value of its financial instruments and digital currencies, if any, based on appropriate valuation methodologies; however, considerable judgement is required to develop these estimates. The fair values of the Company's financial instruments and digital currencies, if any, are not materially different from their carrying values.

Financial instruments and digital currencies that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value are grouped in levels 1 to 3 of the fair value hierarchy based on the degree to which inputs used in measuring fair value is observable:

Level 1 – quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2 – inputs other than quoted prices included in level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices); and

Level 3 – inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The level within which the financial asset or financial liability is classified is determined based on the lowest level of significant input to the fair value measurement. The Company's cash and marketable securities are categorized as Level 1. The long-term investments and convertible debentures in unlisted private companies are measured using Level 3 inputs based on prices in recent financings. Digital currencies are measured using Level 2 inputs where the source represents an average of quoted prices on multiple digital currency exchanges. No financial instruments or digital currencies have been transferred between levels during the year.

b) Management of Industry and Financial Risk

The Company's financial instruments and digital currencies are exposed to certain financial risks, which include the following:

Digital Currency Risk

The Company relies on transaction validation services using equipment to earn digital currency. A decline in the market prices of digital currencies could negatively impact the profitability of equipment. The digital asset mining industry has seen rapid growth and innovation, and the Company may be unable to compete effectively. Innovation in technologies could render the Company's technology obsolete.

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22. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND DIGITAL CURRENCIES (continued)

Digital currency prices are affected by various forces including global supply and demand, interest rates, exchange rates, inflation or deflation and the global political and economic conditions. The profitability of the Company is directly related to the current and future market price of digital currencies. The Company may not be able to liquidate its digital currencies at its desired price if required. Digital currencies have a limited history, their fair values have historically been volatile and the value of digital currencies held by the Company could decline rapidly. A 40% variance in price of these digital currencies would impact the Company's comprehensive net loss by \$10,187,000 (December 31, 2022: \$4,075,000) and \$Nil (December 31, 2022: \$29,000) respectively (rounded to the nearest thousand). Historical performance of digital currencies is not indicative of their future performance.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss due to the counterparty's inability to meet its obligations. The Company has exposure to credit risk through its cash and cash equivalents, amounts receivable, amounts recoverable and due from related parties. The Company manages credit risk, in respect of cash and cash equivalents and marketable securities, by maintaining the majority of cash at highly rated financial institutions.

The Company is exposed to a concentration of credit risk with respect to its trade accounts receivable balance because of its dependence on three major customers. The Company records an allowance against its trade receivables when there is uncertainty over collection of this amount. All balances due are expected to be settled partially or in full when due (typically within 60 days of submission) and because of the nature of the counterparties.

The Company's maximum exposure to credit risk at the end of any period is equal to the carrying amount of these financial assets as recorded in the condensed consolidated interim statements of financial position. At December 31, 2023, no amounts were held as collateral.

The Company's aging of trade receivables was as follows:

	December 31, 2023	September 30, 2023
Current	\$19,119	\$11,722
31- 60 days	15,640	8,408
61 - 90 days	13,229	10,173
91+ days	1,069,439	547,305
Total	\$1,117,427	\$577,608

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulties in meeting obligations when they become due. As at December 31, 2023, the Company has a working capital of \$28,928,436 (September 30, 2023: \$19,875,378) and does not require any additional financing to meet short-term operating requirements. The Company's cash is held with large Canadian financial institutions and is available on demand. If there are additional cash requirements, the Company has the option to liquidate digital currencies to meet operating needs. These digital currencies are subject to fluctuations in the market price of digital currencies. The current value of these assets as at December 31, 2023 is \$25,465,280 (September 30, 2023: \$17,142,683). In the event where the Company cannot rely upon the liquidation of digital currencies to meet operating needs, the Company will have to explore debt financing opportunities of which there is no guarantee of the receipt of funds to cover operations.

DMG Blockchain Solutions Inc.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the Three Months Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars, except where indicated) (Unaudited)

22. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND DIGITAL CURRENCIES (continued)

For the period ended, December 31, 2023:

	Within 1 Year	1 to 2 Years	2 to 5 Years	More than 5 Years
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Trade payables and accrued liabilities	4,881,577	-	-	-
Lease obligations	64,754	40,071	41,534	-
Loan payable	1,291,881	-	-	-
Total	6,238,212	88,241	-	-

For the period ended, September 30, 2023:

	Within 1 Year	1 to 2 Years	2 to 5 Years	More than 5 Years
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Trade payables and accrued liabilities	4,178,104	-	-	-
Lease obligations	59,636	46,320	-	-
Loan payable	1,291,881	-	-	-
Total	5,529,621	46,320	-	-

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk. These are discussed further below.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company is not exposed to significant interest rate risk relating to its loans payable and accounts payable. The interest rate on the loans payable is fixed, and the accounts payable are not subject to any interest. A 10% change in the interest rate would not result in a nominal impact on the Company's operations.

Foreign Currency Risk

Currency risk relates to the risk that the fair values or future cash flows of the Company's financial instruments and digital currencies will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. In addition, the Company mines bitcoin which has a market value stated in US dollars. Exchange rate fluctuations affect the costs that the Company incurs in its operations.

The Company's presentation currency is the Canadian dollar and major purchases are transacted in US dollars. As the Company operates in an international environment, some of the Company's financial instruments and transactions are denominated in currencies other than the entity's functional currency. The fluctuation in foreign currencies in relation to the Canadian dollar will consequently impact the profitability of the Company and may also affect the value of the Company's assets and liabilities and the amount of shareholders' equity. As at December 31, 2023, the Company held net financial assets of \$1,512,859 (September 30, 2023: \$1,642,276) denominated in US dollars (US\$1,143,853). A 10% change in the foreign exchange rate would result in a change in the net income for the period of approximately \$152,000 (2023: \$165,000).

DMG Blockchain Solutions Inc.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

For the Three Months Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars, except where indicated) (Unaudited)

22. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND DIGITAL CURRENCIES (continued)

Price Risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market prices, other than those arising from interest rate risk or foreign currency risk. The Company is exposed to price risk through its holding of digital currencies. As at September 30, 2023, the Company held bitcoin and ether which have a limited history and historically prices have been volatile. A significant change to the price of bitcoin may affect the Company's ability to liquidate digital currencies. A 40% variance in price of these digital currencies would impact the Company's comprehensive net loss by \$10,187,000 (December 31, 2022: \$4,075,000) and \$Nil (December 31, 2022: \$29,000) respectively (rounded to the nearest thousand). The Company is not exposed to any other significant price risks with respect to its financial instruments other than its marketable securities and long-term investment which are measured at fair value totaling \$676,735. A 20% change in the market price would result in a change in the net loss for the period of approximately \$136,000 (December 31, 2022: \$43,404).

23. CONTINGENCIES

In the normal conduct of operations, there are other pending claims by and against the Company. Litigation is subject to many uncertainties, and the outcome of individual matters is not predictable with assurance. In the opinion of management, based on the advice and information provided by its legal counsel, the final determination of these other litigations will not materially affect the Company's financial position or results of operations.

24. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

This note provides supplemental information about the company's cash flow for the fiscal year. The amounts detail non-cash transactions and other significant items that do not involve actual cash flow but are essential for understanding the company's financial position.

	For the three months ended December 31,	
	2023	2022
	\$	\$
Receipt of equipment purchased through deposits in the prior year	-	5,670,319
Interest paid	63,630	-
Interest income	165,781	-

25. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On January 5, 2024, the Company issued 150,000 shares for proceeds of \$49,500 related to the exercise of stock options, all of the funds were received prior to December 31, 2023.

On January 30, 2024, the Company entered into a loan agreement with Sygnum Bank AG ("Sygnum") for a Lombard loan of up to \$9,000,000 USD. The loan is interest bearing at 7.8% for an indefinite term. The loan is secured against the Company's digital currency assets of 237.80 BTC, which are pledged and deposited with Sygnum. Because the collateral is subject to fluctuations in value, the Company may be required to provide additional collateral in order to restore the security margin on the loan.

Subsequent to the end of the period, the Company committed \$3.5M to establish an Alberta based independent digital asset custody solution for institutional clients, through a wholly owned subsidiary, Systemic Trust Company Ltd.